

Transcript of Proceedings:

Geraci

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Cotton

November 03, 2017

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          IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
 2
                  IN AND FOR THE COUNTY SAN DIEGO
 3
     DEPARTMENT 73 HON. JOEL R. WOHLFEIL, JUDGE
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                                      Case No.
                                      37-2017-00010073-CU-BC-CTL
 6
     LARRY GERACI, AN
     INDIVIDUAL,
 7
                    Plaintiff ,
 8
                  vs.
 9
     DARRYL COTTON, AN
10
     INDIVIDUAL; AND DOES 1
     THROUGH 10, INCLUSIVE,
11
                     Defendants.
12
13
     DARRYL COTTON, AN INDIVIDUAL,)
14
            Cross-complainant,
15
                 vs.
     LARRY GERACI, AN INDIVIDUAL, )
16
     REBECCA BERRY, AN INDIVIDUAL,)
17
     and DOES 1 THROUGH 10,
     INCLUSIVE,
18
             Cross-Defendants.
19
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22
                REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
23
                       SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA
24
                          NOVEMBER 3, 2017
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     REPORTED BY: JULIE A. McKAY, CSR 9059
     OFFICIAL REPORTER PRO TEMPORE
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     APPEARANCES:
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         FOR THE PLAINTIFFS:
 3
                FERRIS & BRITTON
                BY: MICHAEL R. WEINSTEIN, ESQ.
                501 West Broadway, Suite 1450
                San Diego, California 92101 (619) 233-3131
 5
                mweinstein@ferrisbritton.com
 6
 7
         FOR THE DEFENDANTS:
 8
 9
                FINCH, THORNTON & BAIRD
                BY: DAVID S. DEMIAN, ESQ.
10
                4747 Executive Drive, Suite 700
                San Diego, California 92121
                (858) 737-3100
11
                ddemian@ftblaw.com
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1	FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 2017, 9:13 A.M.
2	SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA
3	DEPARTMENT 73 HON. JOEL R. WOHLFEIL, JUDGE
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5	THE COURT: Item 7. Case number ending 10073.
6	Counsel, good to see both of you. You were
7	temporarily confused, Counsel.
8	MR. WEINSTEIN: Because we have two actions
9	between us; and in one, with real parties in interest.
10	THE COURT: Can I have your appearance?
11	MR. WEINSTEIN: Michael Weinstein with Ferris &
12	Britton for plaintiff Larry Geraci, also a
13	cross-defendant, and cross-defendant, Rebecca Berry.
14	MR. DEMIAN: Good morning, Your Honor. David
15	Demian appearing on behalf of Darryl Cotton.
16	THE COURT: Okay. Just give me one moment to
17	remind myself of what the Court is inclined to do. This
18	is your demurrer?
19	MR. WEINSTEIN: Yes.
20	THE COURT: That's what I thought. That's why
21	when you were heading over there and ended up there
22	okay. This is on a cross-complaint?
23	MR. WEINSTEIN: It is.
24	THE COURT: Interesting case. Are you
25	submitting?
26	MR. DEMIAN: On the tentative, yes, Your Honor.
27	THE COURT: Right.
28	Counsel?

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MR. WEINSTEIN: Yes. What I would like to do is address only the breach of contract claim. That's the one that we take issue with the tentative on.

So with respect to the breach of contract, your

So with respect to the breach of contract, your tentative ruling rejects the argument that Mr. Cotton's alleged oral agreement is inconsistent with the -- contradicts the signed written agreement, which you've referred to in your tentative ruling as the written memorandum and, therefore, you reject the argument that it's violative of the statute of frauds.

What you say in support of that is the argument lacks merit because the written memorandum attached to the second amended cross-complaint is unclear. The acknowledgment as to payment of \$10,000 does not necessarily mean that the total deposit was not, in fact, \$50,000, and \$40,000 was remained to be paid.

You also say it's not clear whether the statute of fraud applies to an agreement to negotiate. I'm going to address that second point last.

As to the issue of whether the alleged oral agreement is inconsistent with the written memorandum, I think you're reading the controlling decision in California, the Supreme Court cases in Sterling versus Taylor and Beazell versus Shrader. And these are cited in the brief. I think you're reading them too narrowly. Those decisions hold --

THE COURT: Counsel, the case, again? I'm sorry. I just want to be --

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MR. WEINSTEIN: Two California Supreme Court 1 2. cases are Sterling versus Taylor and Beazell, 3 B-e-a-z-e-1-1. 4 THE COURT: Gotcha. 5 MR. WEINSTEIN: So those decisions clearly hold that under the statute of frauds, extrinsic evidence 6 7 can't be employed to prove an agreement at odds with the terms of the memorandum. Put another way, the parol 8 9 agreement, in this case, alleged oral agreement that 10 Mr. Cotton is alleging of which the written agreement is a memorandum, must be one whose terms are consistent 11 with the terms of the memorandum. 12 So determining whether extrinsic evidence 13 provides the certainty required by the statutes, Court 14 has to recognize that extrinsic evidence cannot 15 16 contradict the terms of the writing. 17

Here your tentative focuses on the \$10,000 deposit in the written agreement versus the \$50,000 that's alleged in the oral agreement. But there's more than that. Mr. Cotton clearly alleges an \$800,000 price for the purchase of real property. That's in the written agreement.

But he also alleges that the parties orally agreed to provide him that he would receive a 10 percent equity stake in the dispensary that was going to operate on the property and, also, 10 percent of the profits.

There's nothing in the written agreement about that.

And the purpose of the parol evidence role is

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it's only there to -- and these cases hold that -- it's
only there to explain ambiguities in the written
memorandum. There's nothing in the written agreement
that's ambiguous about the total consideration that's
being paid for the property.

You've got the oral agreement that's being alleged lead to substantially additional consideration in the form of an equity stake and 10 percent of profits. So those additional terms and conditions are automatically inconsistent with the terms of the written agreement.

In addition, if we look at the 10,000 versus \$50,000 deposit, which I think is a lesser contradiction, you've said that that particular provision in the written agreement, the \$10,000 earnest money, is ambiguous and could be explained by the extrinsic evidence that he provided of an agreement that there be a \$50,000 deposit.

I also think that's flawed, because if you read the allegations of the complaint, Mr. Cotton alleges that Geraci agreed to pay -- this is in paragraph 14A of the second amended cross-complaint. Geraci agreed to pay the total sum of \$800,000 consideration for the purchase of the property, with a \$50,000 nonrefundable deposit payable to Cotton upon the parties' execution of final integrated written agreements and the remaining \$750,000 payable to Cotton upon the City's approval of his CUP application for the property.

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In the written agreement, what it says, it talks about he agrees to pay 800,000 for the property. And then it says \$10,000 has been given in good faith earnest money to be applied to the sales price and to remain in effect until the license is granted.

So the written agreement says, I've given \$10,000. The remaining balance of \$790,000 is not due until the license or the CUP application is approved. That's inconsistent with what's alleged in the oral agreement that says, I was supposed to get 50,000 and pay the balance of 750- at the end. So that provision is inconsistent with the -- contradicts the terms of the written agreement.

And as I said before, the two provisions for 10 percent equity stake and 10 percent of the profits clearly add to the written memorandum and don't clear up any ambiguity in the written memorandum. It doesn't speak to those issues at all.

So you have agreement for the purchase of real property that is subject to the statute of frauds. All the material terms and conditions have to be stated in writing. And an oral agreement that alleges additional material terms and conditions that -- and that evidence doesn't explain any ambiguity in the written agreement. It adds to the terms. And that's violative of the statute of frauds.

So that takes us to the other argument, which is, Okay. You said it's not clear that the statute of

frauds applies to an agreement to negotiate in good
faith. And you cite the Copeland case, Copeland versus
Baskin-Robbins, which counsel cited in their papers.

And I submit that that case doesn't apply at all. Copeland was a written agreement between Mr. Copeland and Baskin-Robbins where Copeland bought Baskin-Robbins' ice cream manufacturing plant and in the written agreement agreed that they would negotiate on the terms of a co-packing agreement. In other words, on an agreement whereby once he started operating the plant, he would sell the ice cream to Baskin-Robbins. Previously Baskin-Robbins owned both the plant and sold itself ice cream from the plant.

These -- this is not a case in which there's an agreement to negotiate a future or another agreement. I've looked at all the citations to Copeland. There's about 109 of them, about 90-plus of which are unpublished, but they come up, also, in the context of a letter of intent or, like, in a lease where it has a provision that says, You have an -- You have an obligation to negotiate in good faith with respect to a lease extension.

The -- when I say sine qua non, I'm not sure that's the correct Latin phrase, but the whole point of this type of claim that's recognized in California for breach of an agreement to negotiate is when there is no agreement already. It's a situation in which the parties agree to negotiate to try and reach an agreement

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in the future. And, in fact, there's no obligation on the part of the parties to reach an agreement about anything.

So what the case law says -- and Copeland says this directly in its quote -- is you can violate an agreement to negotiate without actually reaching an agreement. You don't have to reach an agreement. And that's why under this particular type of claim, you're only entitled to reliance damages, not expectancy damages, because you don't get what you say the contract should have been. You get what you expended in reliance on the promise to negotiate.

So the way these cases are litigated is the people decide whether it was negotiated in good faith, because there was an obligation to do so, and then you did or didn't.

In this case, it's very clear from the second amended cross-complaint. If you look at paragraphs 13, 14, 15, Mr. Cotton has alleged that on November 2nd, 2016, the parties reached an agreement about the material terms and conditions for the purchase of the property: \$800,000. He sets \$50,000 deposit, 10 percent equity stake, 10 percent profit. And that was all agreed to on November 2nd, 2016. And my client, Mr. Geraci promises to reduce it to a writing.

There was nothing to negotiate. There was no negotiation that was going to happen on the deposit.

There was no agreement to negotiate on the equity stake

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or on the 10 percent of the property profits. He claims that was already agreed to.

So this is a case in which it's an agreement that has, according to Mr. Cotton, all of these material terms and concerns. Not reflected in the written memorandum, but there's nothing to agree to negotiate, to reach.

The issue -- what's really happening in this complaint and what's really alleged, if you look at the factual allegations, is my client failed to reduce to writing the agreement -- the oral agreement that Mr. Cotton says was reached between them.

You can't get around the statute of frauds that easily. You can't have an agreement that requires compliance with the statute of frauds and say, But I don't have to comply with it because I had an oral agreement to put it in writing; and they failed to put it in writing, so, therefore, the statute of frauds isn't violated. That's not the law. So that's my position on breach of contract claim.

THE COURT: All right. And, Counsel, I'm going to take the matter under submission. I'm going to look at the authorities and reflect.

Did you want me to make note of anything that you would like to respond to?

MR. DEMIAN: Yes. I would like the opportunity to respond briefly. And I will be brief. If Your Honor has decided to take it under submission, then I think

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the papers speak clearly to the strength of our
position.

However, several of the statements of Mr. Weinstein are interesting to me and they point up that our case and our causes of action for breach of contract have merit. The position of Mr. Weinstein is that if there is no conflict between the November 2 document, which he calls an agreement -- I prefer to call it a document simply to distinguish between the idea that they're asserting that this is a fully integrated, signed real estate purchase agreement, which we do not believe it is.

That November 2nd document leads with this language: "Darryl Cotton has agreed to sell the property located at," et cetera. Darryl Cotton has agreed. Darryl Cotton does not hereby agree pursuant to the terms of this agreement.

If you look at real estate purchase agreements, CAR forms, commercially drafted, they will all say, The seller of the property hereby agrees to sell the property.

Our case is based on the idea that this is a receipt. This is more a receipt than an agreement. This document was signed because Mr. Geraci said, I'm going to give you \$10,000. We need to at least put down that we have this agreement to agree and have an exchange of this cash in a writing that documents it.

And that's what it does. So is there a

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conflict between or an ambiguity in this agreement and the other allegations in our complaint? Well, no, there's not. Because what I just said is completely consistent with all the allegations of the complaint.

Similarly, I know that we have an ambiguity and a conflict because in the moving parties for the demurrer -- and I apologize if I misremember, but we can go back, if Your Honor does take this under submission, and look at the documents. Frequently, the \$10,000 is referred to as a deposit.

However, in the November 2nd writing, the document states \$10,000 cash has been given in good faith earnest money. Wait a second. Is good faith earnest money the exact same thing as a deposit? And more importantly, is it a final statement as to all the money that must be tendered prior to the sale of the property?

And consistent with all our allegations in our cause of action, we assert that there was an agreement to reach the final terms of an agreement. I know I firmly believe this complaint states a cause of action that survives the statute of frauds and the standard for general demurrer, which is the standard here. All allegations must be assumed in the light most favorable to our paper.

And then I'll just say briefly on the Beazell case -- and Your Honor, if you review this, you will see. The Beazell case cited by Mr. Weinstein involved a

writing that provided for a total 1.25 percent 1 commission, which conflicted with a writing that then 2. called for a 5 percent commission, which is different 3 4 and can plainly distinguishable from a \$10,000 earnest 5 money statement versus a \$50,000 deposit. So that case 6 is not on point. 7 And then I guess my -- on the agreement to agree on Baskin-Robbins, I have read Baskin-Robbins, 8 9 although maybe not the 109-plus citations, as 10 Mr. Weinstein seems to have reviewed. Baskin-Robbins 11 does stand. Where there is a written agreement to 12 agree, the cause of action can stand. And I think that's what the Court found in its 13 demurrer, and I encourage the Court to not deflect from 14 that path because that is a fact. When you have that 15 16 agreement to agree, it's not necessarily an unhinged 17 agreement to agree. You may have agreement. Regularly 18 we do write letters of intent that have agreements as to 19 the material terms that set the baseline for the 20 discussion that frame what is the good faith negotiation 21 that then follows. So for all of those reasons and the reasons 2.2 23 stated in our papers, we request the Court to rule as it 24 did in its tentative ruling. THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much. 25 26

MR. WEINSTEIN: May I have 15 seconds,

Your Honor? You've been patient. I appreciate it.

THE COURT: Sure.

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MR. WEINSTEIN: Counsel is now saying they had 1 2. an agreement to agree. If that's the case, then this 3 case gets -- the cause of action gets knocked out 4 automatically. There's no such thing as agreement to 5 agree. It's even in your quotation in the tentative 6 7 ruling. You were distinguishing in there between agreement to agree and actual agreement to negotiate in 8 good faith towards something. Those are different 9 10 things. So I need to make that point. 11 The other thing is, again, we're comparing the alleged oral agreement to the written memorandum. And 12 that's the important thing to focus on in looking at the 13 parol evidence rule. 14 15 Thank you. 16 THE COURT: Thank you both. I'll take it under 17 submission. I'll get a minute order out as soon as 18 possible. I'll be looking at everything and reflect it 19 in my arguments. 20 MR. DEMIAN: Thank you. 21 MR. WEINSTEIN: Thank you. Your Honor, may I 2.2 approach the court reporter? 23 THE COURT: Sure. 24 (The proceedings were adjourned at 9:31 a.m.) 25 -000-26 27 28

1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	
3	STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
4	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO)
5	
6	I, JULIE A. MCKAY, CSR NO. 9059, AN OFFICIAL
7	REPORTER PRO TEM IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF
8	CALIFORNIA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, HEREBY
9	CERTIFY THAT I REPORTED IN SHORTHAND THE RECORD OF THE
10	PROCEEDINGS HAD IN THE WITHIN CASE AND LATER TRANSCRIBED
11	SAID RECORD AND THAT THE FOREGOING TRANSCRIPT IS A FULL,
12	TRUE, AND CORRECT TRANSCRIPTION OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN
13	THIS CASE.
14	DATED THIS 14th DAY OF NOVEMBER, 2017.
15	amai
16	JULIE A. MCKAY,
17	CSR NO. 9059 OFFICIAL REPORTER PRO TEMPORE
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