ELECTRONICALLY FILED **FERRIS & BRITTON** Superior Court of California, 1 A Professional Corporation County of San Diego Michael R. Weinstein (SBN 106464) 06/21/2019 at 03:16:00 PM 2 Scott H. Toothacre (SBN 146530) 501 West Broadway, Suite 1450 Clerk of the Superior Court 3 By Treva Cutts, Deputy Clerk San Diego, California 92101 Telephone: (619) 233-3131 4 Fax: (619) 232-9316 mweinstein@ferrisbritton.com 5 stoothacre@ferrisbritton.com 6 Attorneys for Plaintiff/Cross-Defendant LARRY GERACI and Cross-Defendant REBECCA BERRY 7 8 SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA 9 COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, CENTRAL DIVISION 10 Case No. 37-2017-00010073-CU-BC-CTL LARRY GERACI, an individual, 11 Hon. Joel R. Wohlfeil Plaintiff, Judge: C - 73Dept.: 12 v. PLAINTIFF/CROSS-DEFENDANTS' 13 DARRYL COTTON, an individual; and DOES 1 NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION IN through 10, inclusive, LIMINE TO EXCLUDE ANY EVIDENCE 14 OF THE COTTON AND HURTADO Defendants. FEDERAL COURT LAWSUITS 15 [MIL NO. 1 OF 15] 16 DARRYL COTTON, an individual, [IMAGED FILE] 17 Cross-Complainant, 18 v. 19 LARRY GERACI, an individual, REBECCA Complaint filed: March 21, 2017 BERRY, an individual, and DOES 1 THROUGH Trial Date: June 28, 2019 20 10, INCLUSIVE, 21 Cross-Defendants. (22 TO ALL PARTIES AND TO THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD HEREIN: 23 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on June 28, 2019 at 8:30 a.m. or as soon thereafter as the 24

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on June 28, 2019 at 8:30 a.m. or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard in Department C-73 of the San Diego Superior Court, located at 330 West Broadway, San Diego, California, Plaintiff/Cross-Defendant, LARRY GERACI, and Cross-Defendant, REBECCA BERRY, will move *in limine* pursuant to Evid. Code §§ 210, 350 and 352 for orders precluding any evidence, examination or reference to Darryl Cotton's lawsuit filed in the USDC Case No. 3:18-cv-00325-GPC-MDD, and Darryl Cotton and Joe Hurtado's lawsuit filed in

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Dated: June

the USDC Case No. 3:18-cv-02751-GPC-MDD.

This motion will be based on this Notice of Motion, the Memorandum of Points and Authorities served and filed herewith, on the records and file herein, and on such evidence as may be presented at the hearing of this motion.

FERRIS & BRITTON A Professional Corporation

Michael R. Weinstein

Scott H. Toothacre

Attorney for Plaintiff/Cross-Defendant LARRY GERACI and Cross-Defendant REBECCA BERRY

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

On or about August 25, 2017, Mr. Cotton, through his attorneys David S. Demian and Adam C. Witt of Finch, Thornton and Baird, filed his operative Second Amended Cross-Complaint in this action alleging 5 causes of action as follows: 1) Breach of Contract; 2) Intentional Misrepresentation; 3) Negligent Misrepresentation; 4) False Promise, and 5) Declaratory Relief. Mr. Cotton's Second Amended Cross-Complaint makes no allegations related to a vast criminal enterprise headed by Larry Geraci, and makes no reference to any alleged conspiracy or racketeering by Mr. Geraci, Ms. Berry, their counsel or anyone else.

Thereafter, on February 9, 2018, and on December 6, 2018, respectively, Mr. Cotton filed two federal court lawsuits naming the Plaintiff/Cross-Defendants and their counsel in the instant action and Mr. Hurtado was joined as an additional Plaintiff in the second of those federal court lawsuits. Both federal court complaints are replete with vitriolic accusations against Mr. Geraci and Ms. Berry based upon unfounded, wild, and outlandish theories of a vast criminal conspiracy run by Mr. Geraci. The fact that these ridiculous complaints have been filed, and the baseless, inflammatory contents of those federal court complaints in must be excluded in the instant State Case. If these matters come before the jury, it would certainly be grounds for a mistrial.

These matters are wholly irrelevant to the instant action in that the Second Amended Complaint makes no assertions with regard to conspiracies, nor has Mr. Cotton sought joint-and-several liability based upon a conspiracy theory. As such, these accusations would be made only in an attempt to prejudice the jury against Mr. Geraci, Ms. Berry and their counsel.

II. THE FEDERAL COMPLAINTS

Cotton's First Federal Court Complaint

On February 9, 2018, Mr. Cotton, proceeding in pro per, filed a federal Complaint in the

¹ After the initial federal court lawsuit, the judge therein stayed the action *sua sponte*; it is currently stayed pending the outcome of the instant state court action. In the second federal court lawsuit, the judge granted motions to dismiss and dismissed Mr. Cotton and Mr. Hurtado's complaint with prejudice.

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United States District Court Southern District of California, Case No. 3:18-cv-00325-GPC-MDD. Named as Defendants in that Complaint were Larry Geraci, Rebecca Berry, Gina Austin, Austin Legal Group, Michael Weinstein, Scott H Toothacre, Ferris & Britton, and the City of San Diego. In that Complaint Mr. Cotton requested the federal court review the evidence and rulings of the State Court in the instant action. A true and correct copy of Mr. Cotton's federal court Complaint is attached hereto to Plaintiff/Cross-Defendants Notice of Lodgment in Support of Motions in Limine Nos. 1-15 ("NOL") as Exhibit 1 to NOL.

Mr. Cotton's federal Complaint asserts 20 causes of action as follows:

- 1)
- 42 U.S.C. SEC. 1983:4th Amend. Unlawful Seizure; 42 U.S.C. SEC. 1983: 14th Amend. Due Process Violations;
 - 2) 3) Breach of Contract:
- **False Promise:**
- Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing;
- 4) 5) 6) 7) Breach of Fiduciary Duty;
- Fraud in the Inducement;
- 8) Fraud/Fraudulent Misrepresentation;
- 9) Trespass;
- Slander of Title; 10)
- False Documents Liability; 11)
 - Unjust Enrichment: 12)
 - Intentional Interference With Prospective Economic Relations; 13)
 - 14) Negligent Interference with Prospective Economic Relations;
 - 15) Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress;
 - Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress: 16)
 - 17) Conspiracy: 18) RICÓ:
 - 19) Declaratory Relief; and
 - 20) Injunctive Relief.

Along with the Complaint, Mr. Cotton requested the Federal Court stay the instant State Court action. The case was assigned to the Honorable Gonzalo P. Curiel. Judge Curiel denied the request to stay the State Court action. Instead, acting sua sponte, Judge Curiel stayed the Federal Court action pending resolution of the instant State Court action, noting that Mr. Cotton was "clearly forum shopping by asking [the federal] Court to review the evidence and rulings of the state court..." (A true and correct copy of Judge Curiel's Order is attached to the NOL as Exhibit 2 to NOL.)

Cotton Second Federal Complaint (with Hurtado as Co-Plaintiff)

Not to be dissuaded by Judge Curiel's comments regarding Mr. Cotton's attempts at forum shopping, on December 6, 2018, Attorney Jacob Austin filed a second Federal Court Complaint on

behalf of Mr. Cotton (and on behalf of Joseph Hurtado) in the United States District Court Southern District of California, Case Number 3:18-cv-02751-GPC-MDD. (A true and correct copy of Mr. Cotton's second Federal Court Complaint is attached as Exhibit 3 to NOL)

The named Plaintiffs in this second Federal Court Complaint are Darryl Cotton and Joe Hurtado (Mr. Cotton's litigation investor in the instant State Court action). The named Defendants are Larry Geraci, Rebecca Berry (Plaintiff and Cross-Defendants in the instant State Court action), Michael R. Weinstein, Scott H. Toothacre, Ferris & Britton APC (attorneys for Geraci and Berry in the instant state court action), Gina M. Austin, Austin Legal Group APC (a land use attorney retained by Geraci to provide advice regarding the Conditional Use Permit process), Sean Miller (an unknown individual whom Joe Hurtado claims threatened him and his family on behalf of Larry Geraci), Finch Thornton & Baird, David Demian and Adam Witt (Cotton's first attorneys in the instant State Court action).

Cotton and Hurtado seek over \$5,000,000.00 in damages based on 5 causes of action as follows: 1) Fraud; 2) Abuse of Process; 3) RICO; 4) Civil Conspiracy; and 5) Legal Malpractice.

The gravamen of Cotton and Hurtado's fraud claim seems to be that Geraci filed the instant litigation stating that the November 2, 2016 agreement for the purchase of Cotton's property was the final agreement and that Geraci knows this statement to be false. (See second Federal Court Complaint, Exhibit 3 to NOL, at p. 11:26-12:6.)

The gravamen of Cotton and Hurtado's abuse of process claim is that Geraci, with the help of others, filed a frivolous lawsuit, filed a lis pendens on the property, filed motions, declarations, responsive pleadings, taken depositions, and generally maintained the lawsuit knowing it lacked probable cause at its filing and, as a result of Geraci's judicial admissions, was barred by the parol evidence rule and the statute of frauds. Further it is alleged that Geraci and his cohorts used this legal procedure to interfere in a contractual relationship and force the sale of the property to Geraci. (See second Federal Court Complaint, NOL Exhibit 3, at p. 12:13-18.)

The gravamen of Cotton and Hurtado's third cause of action for violations of the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act (RICO), appears to be based on allegations that Geraci is the head of a vast criminal enterprise dealing in illegal marijuana operations who is attempting to

acquire a prohibited interest in a Marijuana Outlet via a proxy. Cotton and Hurtado allege that the goal of Geraci and his agent is to circumvent the applicable regulatory scheme (for obtaining a CUP for an MMCC) and thereby continue to run their criminal enterprise under the façade of a lawful and legitimate business. (See second Federal Court Complaint, NOL Exhibit 3, paras. 52 and 53 at p. 12:27-13:2.)

The gravamen of Cotton and Hurtado's civil conspiracy cause of action is that Defendants conspired to fraudulently deprive Plaintiffs of their interest in the Property and to unlawfully coerce and intimidate them into having Cotton settle the Geraci Litigation. It is alleged that all the named Defendants knew that Geraci did not have a lawful claim to the Property, yet he and they agreed, and took action, to effectuate the fraudulent scheme premised on the false allegation that the November Document was the final integrated agreement for the Property and in furtherance of the conspiracy, to unlawfully intimidate Plaintiffs.

The gravamen of Mr. Cotton and Mr. Hurtado's legal malpractice cause of action is that Mr. Cotton's first attorneys in the instant State Court action, Finch, Thornton & Baird, by and through Attorneys Demian and Witt, dismissed viable causes of action without discussing the strategy with Mr. Cotton beforehand.

On May 14, 2019, the Federal Court dismissed this second federal Complaint with prejudice, again noting that Mr. Cotton was forum shopping. (A true and correct copy of Judge Curiel's Order dismissing the second Federal Complaint with prejudice is attached at NOL Exhibit 4)

III. LEGAL ARGUMENT

A. The Court May Exclude Prejudicial Evidence in Advance of Trial by way of an In Limine Motion

The court has the inherent power to grant a motion in limine to exclude "any kind of evidence which could be objected to at trial, either as irrelevant or subject to discretionary exclusion as unduly prejudicial." (Clemens v. American Warranty Corp. (1987) 193 Cal.App.3d 444; Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. v. Superior Court (1988) 200 Cal.App.3d 272, 288).

B. The Evidence is Irrelevant to Any Issue in the Instant State Case

Mr. Cotton's operative Second Amended Cross-Complaint does not contain any allegations

related to the formation or operation of a conspiracy. "The pleadings are supposed to define the issues to be tried." (Weil & Brown, Cal. Practice Guide: Civil Procedure Before Trial (The Rutter Group 2012)

6:8, p. 6-2.)

It should be noted that Mr. Cotton's original Cross-Complaint filed in this action contained some conspiracy allegations, albeit in a much narrower context than is being alleged in the Federal Court action. However, "[i]t is well established that an amendatory pleading supersedes the original one, which ceases to perform any function as a pleading." (Foreman & Clark Corp. v. Fallon, (1971) 3 Cal.3d 875, 884, quoting Meyer v. State Board of Equalization (1954) 42 Cal.2d 376, 384.) Thus, an amended complaint supersedes all prior complaints. (Grell v. Laci Le Beau Corp. (1999) 73 Cal.App.4th 1300, 1307; Lee v. Bank of America (1994) 27 Cal.App.4th 197, 215; 1 Weil & Brown, Cal. Practice Guide: Civil Procedure before Trial (The Rutter Group 2009) 6:704, p. 6-177.) The amended complaint furnishes the sole basis for the cause of action, and the original complaint ceases to have any effect either as a pleading or as a basis for judgment. (Anmaco, Inc. v. Bohlken (1993) 123 Cal.App.4th 891, 901.)" As such, any evidence, examination, or argument or other reference to an alleged clandestine criminal conspiracy is not at issue in the pleadings and thus is wholly irrelevant and must be barred.

C. The Evidence Is Inflammatory and Prejudicial and Should be Barred Under Cal. Evid. Code § 352

California Evidence Code Section 352 provides: "The court in its discretion may exclude evidence if its probative value is substantially outweighed by the probability that its admission will (a) necessitate undue consumption of time or (b) create substantial damage of undue prejudice, of confusing the issues, or of misleading the jury. Clearly, Mr. Cotton and Mr. Hurtado's Federal Complaints and the scurrilous allegations contained therein would create a substantial danger of undue prejudice, confusing the issues and of misleading the jury. If such evidence were admitted it would result in a multitude of mini-trials on evidence wholly unrelated to the instant action.

IV. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

Because the pleadings frame the issues in the case and Mr. Cotton's Second Amended Cross-Complaint does not plead a conspiracy, any evidence, including the two Federal lawsuits, and of

any alleged conspiracy is irrelevant. Such evidence would also unduly confuse the jury, be unduly time-consuming and result in prejudice to Mr. Geraci's and Ms. Berry's character and reputation, and the evidence should be excluded. FERRIS & BRITTON A Professional Corporation Dated: June 202019 Scott H. Toothacre Attorney for Plaintiff/Cross-Defendant LARRY GERACI and Cross-Defendant REBECCA BERRY

1	After considering all moving, opposition and reply papers, as well as the oral argument of counse
2	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT Plaintiff/Cross-Defendants' Motion in Limine No. 1 of 15 i
3	[GRANTED/GRANTED WITHOUT PREJUDICE/DENIED/DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE]
4	[Any evidence, examination, argument or other reference to the Cotton and Hurtado Federal Coun
5	Lawsuits, is precluded, and all counsel are ordered to advise their clients and witnesses of the Court'
6	Order.]
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8	Dated: July, 2019 HON. JOEL R. WOHLFEIL
9	Judge of the San Diego County Superior Court
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