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1 2	DOUGLAS JAFFE, ESQ. Bar No. 170354 LAW OFFICES OF DOUGLAS JAFFE 501 West Broadway, Suite 800	ELECTRONICALLY FILE Superior Court of California, County of San Diego
3	San Diego, California 92101 Telephone: (619) 400-4945	05/03/2021 at 08:14:00 PN Clerk of the Superior Court
4	Attorneys for Razuki Investments, LLC and Salam Razuki and Keith Henderson	By E- Filing Deputy Clerk
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9	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
10	FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO - CENTRAL	
11	SAN DIEGO PATIENTS COOPERATIVE) Case No.: 37-2017-00020661-CU-CO-CTL
12 13	CORP, et. al.,	OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO
14	Plaintiffs,) INTERVENE
15	VS.) DATE: May 14, 2021) TIME: 9:00 a.m.
16	RAZUKI INVESTMENTS LLC, et. al.,) DEPT: 67)
17	Defendants.)) ATTACHED: JAFFE DECLARATION
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20))
21	Defendants Razuki Investments II C	Salam Razuki and Keith Henderson submit their
22	Opposition To The Motion To Intervene By Amy Sherlock ("Sherlock") as follows:	
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	Opposition To Motion T	To Intervene By Amy Sherlock

I. Statement Of The Case

This case does not involve the sale of the Balboa marijuana dispensary property (with its Conditional Use Permit ("CUP")). It involves an alleged oral joint venture agreement for Plaintiffs to allegedly operate the Balboa marijuana dispensary.

There were discussions that Plaintiffs might operate the marijuana dispensary, but no agreement was ever reached. Even if Plaintiffs can prove their alleged "agreement to agree" for operation of the Balboa marijuana dispensary, which Defendants dispute, the damages are not lost profits of the venture but their alleged reliance damages which Defendants cannot prove. *See, Copeland v. Baskin Robbins USA* (2002) 96 Cal. App. 4th 951. Plaintiffs were unwilling to pay the hundreds of thousands of dollars that it would take to fight the Business Owners Association for the Balboa Property who had passed an amendment to their CC&R's which prohibited a marijuana dispensary.

II. The Application For Intervention Is Not Timely

This case was filed in 2017. Both mandatory and permissive intervention must be sought "upon timely application." *See*, CCP § 387(d); *See also, Northern Cal. Psychiatric Society v. City of Berkeley* (1986) 178 Cal.App.3d 90, 109. "It is settled that any unreasonable delay in filing a petition for leave to intervene is a sufficient ground for a denial of the petition." *In re Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd.* (1948) 86 Cal.App.2d 545, 554-555, citing *Allen v. California Water & Tel. Co.* (1947) 31 Cal.2d 104, 108 ["[I]t is the general rule that a right to intervene should be asserted within a reasonable time and that the intervenor must not be guilty of an unreasonable delay after knowledge of the suit."].)

Sherlock has not made a timely application to intervene. In addition to this action pending since 2017, Sherlock filed a lawsuit in the Southern District of California in August, 2020 known as *Andrew Flores*, *et. al.* v. *Gina M. Austin*, et. al., Case No. 20-cv-0656-TWR-DEB (the "Federal Case"). Sherlock and her attorney in this matter, Andrew Flores (as a party in Federal Case), include allegations against Harcourt in the Federal Case of the alleged forgery

regarding the Balboa property referenced in the motion for intervention in this case. This action is cited and referenced in the Federal Case Complaint at paragraphs 304-307 and footnote 27. The alleged handwriting expert and his alleged report (referenced as an exhibit in the proposed Complaint In Intervention but not included), are referenced in the Federal Case Complaint at paragraphs 23 and 833. *See*, attached Jaffe Declaration at paragraph 2-4. Sherlock (and attorney Flores) are already litigating their claims involving Harcourt in the Federal Case.

III. Sherlock Has Failed To Meet Her Burden To Make The Showing Necessary For Mandatory Or Permissive Intervention

Sherlock has failed to meet her burden to make the showing necessary for mandatory or permissive intervention.

A. No Supporting Declaration

There is no declaration, and therefore no facts, supporting the motion.

B. No Mandatory Intervention

To establish a right to mandatory intervention Sherlock must: (1) show a protectable interest in the subject of the action, (2) demonstrate that the disposition of the action may impair or impede her ability to protect that interest; and (3) demonstrate that her interests are not adequately represented by the existing parties. *See, Edwards v. Heartland Payment Systems, Inc.* (2018) 29 Cal. App. 5th 725, 732. These criteria are virtually identical to those for compulsory joinder of an indispensable party. *See,* CCP § 389(a).

Sherlock fails to recognize that this case does not involve any disposition regarding the sale of the Balboa CUP. It involves an alleged oral joint venture agreement for Plaintiffs to allegedly operate the Balboa marijuana dispensary. "The 'interest' mentioned in section 387 which entitles a person to intervene in a suit between other persons must be 'in the matter in litigation and of such a direct and immediate character that the intervener will either gain or lose by the direct legal operation and effect of the judgment' (Elliott v. Superior Court, 168 Cal. 727 [145 P. 101]); it must be 'direct and not consequential' (Isaacs v. Jones, 121 Cal. 257, 261 [53 P. 793, 1101]). See, also, Bechtel v. Axelrod, 20 Cal.2d 390, 392 [125 P.2d 836]; La Mesa etc. Irr.

Dist. v. Halley, 195 Cal. 739 [235 P. 990]; Lindsay-Strathmore Irrig. Dist. v. Wutchumna Water Co., 111 Cal.App. 707 [296 P. 942]; 20 Cal.Jur. p. 520, § 25; 39 Am.Jur. p. 935, § 61; 30 Cal. L.Rev. 478." *Allen v. California Water Tel. Co.* (1947) 31 Cal. 2d 104, 109. Sherlock's alleged claim to the proceeds from the sale of the Balboa Property and its CUP (when this action does not involve the sale of the Balboa Property and its CUP), is not a protectable interest in the subject of this action.

Sherlock also admits that her interests have been adequately represented by existing parties for nearly 4 years. There is nothing about the sale of the Balboa Property with its CUP that changes that in this action, which does not involve the sale of the Balboa Property with its CUP.

C. No Permissive Intervention

To establish discretionary intervention, Sherlock must show (1) the proper procedures have been followed; (2) the nonparty has a direct and immediate interest in the action; (3) the intervention will not enlarge the issues in the litigation; and (4) the reasons for the intervention outweigh any opposition by the parties presently in the action. *See, Edwards v. Heartland Payment Systems, Inc.* (2018) 29 Cal. App. 5th 732, 736.

Sherlock has not followed the proper procedures, she does not have a direct and immediate interest in this action, the intervention will clearly enlarge the issues in this litigation (Sherlock alleges forgery for the first time in this action against Plaintiff Harcourt although the expert report to counsel for Sherlock which is referenced as an exhibit to the proposed Complaint In Intervention is dated February 21, 2020, and the reasons for intervention do not outweigh the opposition by the parties presently in the action.

D. Statute Of Limitations

Sherlock has failed to address how her claims are not barred by the statute of limitations.

Conclusion IV. The motion for intervention should be denied, and Razuki Investments, LLC, Salam Razuki and Keith Henderson request such other and further relief as the Court deems proper. Dated: May 3, 2021 LAW OFFICES OF DOUGLAS JAFFE /s/ Douglas Jaffe, Esq. Douglas Jaffe

DECLARATION OF DOUGLAS JAFFE

- 1. I am the attorney for Defendants Razuki Investments, LLC, Salam Razuki and Keith Henderson. As such, I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth herein and if called to testify, I could and would competently testify thereto.
- 2. Proposed Intervenor Amy Sherlock ("Sherlock") filed a lawsuit in the Southern District of California in August, 2020 known as *Andrew Flores, et. al. v. Gina M. Austin*, et. al., Case No. 20-cv-0656-TWR-DEB (the "Federal Case"). I have reviewed the Complaint in the Federal Case. Sherlock and her attorney in this matter, Andrew Flores (as a party in the Federal Case), include allegations against Harcourt in the Federal Case Complaint of the alleged forgery regarding the Balboa property referenced in the motion for intervention in this case.
- 3. This action is cited and referenced in the Federal Case Complaint at paragraphs 304-307 and footnote 27.
- 4. The alleged handwriting expert and his alleged report (referenced as an exhibit in the proposed Complaint In Intervention but not included), are referenced in the Federal Case Complaint at paragraphs 23 and 833.
 - 5. The Complaint in the Federal Case is 172 pages with 1117 numbered paragraphs.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on May 3, 2021 in San Diego, California.



1 PROOF OF SERVICE 2 I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to or interested in the within entitled action. My business address is 501 West Broadway, Suite 800, San Diego, California 92101. 3 4 On May 3, 2021, I served the foregoing: 5 OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO INTERVENE 6 7 by electronic service through One Legal, by email addressed as follows: 8 Andrew Flores 9 andrew@floreslegal.pro 10 James Lance 11 ilance@noonanlance.com 12 Allan Claybon aclaybon@messner.com 13 14 Genevieve M. Ruch gruch@noonanlance.com 15 I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing for service 16 through One Legal. It is submitted to One Legal and sent by email to the above email addresses 17 on the same day in the ordinary course of business. 18 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on May 3, 2021 at San Diego, California. 19 20 21 /s/ Douglas Jaffe_ 22 **DOUGLAS JAFFE** 23 24 25 26 27 28 7