1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	FERRIS & BRITTON. A Professional Corporation Michael R. Weinstein (SBN 106464) Scott H. Toothacre (SBN 146530) 501 West Broadway, Suite 1450 San Diego, California 92101 Telephone: (619) 233-3131 Fax: (619) 232-9316 mweinstein@ferrisbritton.com stoothacre@ferrisbritton.com AUSTIN LEGAL GROUP, APC Gina M. Austin (SBN 246833) 3990 Old Town Ave., Ste. A112 San Diego, CA 92110 Telephone: (619) 924-9600 Fax: (619) 881-0045 gaustin@austinlegalgroup.com Attorneys for Real Parties in Interest LARRY GERACI and REBECCA BERRY	CLERK-SUPERIOR COURT SAN DIEGO COUNTY. CA 2019 : 128 = 221
12	SUPERIOR COURT	OF CALIFORNIA
13	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO	O, CENTRAL DIVISION
14	DARRYL COTTON, an individual,	Case No. 37-2017-00037675-CU-WM-CTL
15	Petitioner/Plaintiff,	Judge: Hon. Joel R. Wohlfeil Dept.: C-73
16	v.	NOTICE OF RULING AFTER HEARING
17 18	CITY OF SAN DIEGO, a public entity; and DOES 1 through 25,	RE:
19	Respondents/Defendants.	(1) MOTION BY REAL PARTIES IN INTEREST LARRY GERACI AND REBECCA BERRY TO COMPEL THE
20	REBECCA BERRY, an individual; LARRY	DEPOSITION OF DARRYL COTTON AND TO CONTINUE HEARING ON
21	GERACE, an individual, and ROES 1 through 25,	MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION
22	Real Parties in Interest.	(2) MOTION BY PETITIONER/
23		PLAINTIFF DARRYL COTTON FOR ISSUANCE OF A PEREMPTORY
24		WRIT OF MANDATE
25		[IMAGED FILE]
26		DATE: January 25, 2018 TIME: 8:30 a.m. DEPT: C-73
27 28		Petition Filed: October 6, 2017
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PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT on January 25, 2018, the Court heard the following noticed motions:

- (1) Motion by Real Parties in Interest, Larry Geraci and Rebecca Berry, to (a) compel the deposition of Darryl Cotton, and (b) continue the January 25, 2018, hearing on the motion by Petitioner/Plaintiff, Darryl Cotton, for issuance of a peremptory writ of mandate; and
- (2) Motion by Petitioner/Plaintiff, Darryl Cotton, for issuance of a peremptory writ of mandate. Petitioner/Plaintiff, Darryl Cotton, was represented by Darryl Cotton, pro se. Respondent/Defendant, City of San Diego, was represented by M. Travis Phelps, Chief Deputy City Attorney with the Office of the City Attorney. Real Parties in Interest, Larry Geraci and Rebecca Berry, were represented by attorney Michael R. Weinstein of the law firm Ferris & Britton, APC.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE THAT, having reviewed the written pleadings submitted in support and opposition to the motions and hearing oral argument, the Court ruled as follows:

(1) The Court confirmed its tentative ruling as the final ruling of the court, set forth in and attached hereto as Exhibit A, GRANTING Real Parties in Interests' motion to compel Petitioner/Plaintiff to a deposition and ordering Petitioner/Plaintiff to submit to a deposition within twenty (20) days of the hearing, and DENYING Real Parties in Interests' motion to continue the January 25, 2018, hearing on Petitioner/Plaintiff's motion for issuance of a peremptory writ of mandate, subject to the following modification: Petitioner/Plaintiff must submit to a deposition within twenty (20) days of the hearing absent further leave of the court or agreement of the parties. By close of business on Friday, January 26, 2018, Petitioner/Plaintiff shall provide to attorney Weinstein two dates within the next 20 days on which Petitioner/Plaintiff is available for a full-day deposition (9 a.m. to 5 p.m., with a 1-hour lunch break) to be taken at Aptus Court Reporting Service, which is located at 600 West Broadway, Suite 300, San Diego, CA 92101. Attorney Weinstein shall then select one of those two dates for the deposition and shall serve an amended deposition notice providing notice of the selected date.

(2) The Court.confirmed its tentative ruling as the final ruling of the court, set forth in and attached hereto as Exhibit A, DENYING Petitioner/Plaintiff's motion for issuance of a peremptory writ of mandate.

Dated: January 25, 2018

FERRIS & BRITTON, APC

Michael R Weinstein

Attorneys for Real Parties in Interest

LARRY GERACI and REBECCA BERRY

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA.

COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO HALL OF JUSTICE TENTATIVE RULINGS - January 22, 2018

EVENT DATE: 01/25/2018

EVENT TIME: 09:00:00 AM

DEPT.: C-73

JUDICIAL OFFICER: Joei R. Wohlfeil

CASE NO.:

37-2017-00037675-CU-WM-CTL

CASE TITLE: COTTON VS CITY OF SAN DIEGO [IMAGED]

CASE CATEGORY: Civil - Unlimited

CASE TYPE: Writ of Mandate

EVENT TYPE: Hearing on Petition CAUSAL DOCUMENT/DATE FILED:

The Motion (ROA # 60, 61) of Real Parties in Interest LARRY GERACI and REBECCA BERRY, to (1) compel the deposition of Petitioner / Plaintiff DARRYL COTTON ("Plaintiff"), and (2) continue the January 25, 2018, hearing on Plaintiff's Motion for issuance of a peremptory writ of mandate, is GRANTED IN PART AND DENIED IN PART.

The Motion to compel Plaintiff to submit to a deposition is GRANTED. Plaintiff shall submit to a deposition within twenty (20) days of the hearing of this Motion.

The Motion to continue the hearing of Plaintiff's Motion for issuance of a peremptory writ of mandate, is DENIED.

The Petition (ROA # 38, 42) of Plaintiff / Petitioner DARRYL COTTON ("Plaintiff") for writ of mandate, is DENIED.

The Court initially notes that its December 7, 2017 order denying the ex parte application for an order shortening time to hear this Motion (ROA # 42) invited the filing of moving and opposition papers per Code. However, no additional papers were filed. As a result, this ruling is premised the original Petition for writ of mandate, and briefing and evidence presented to the Court prior to both ex parte hearings.

A traditional writ of mandate under Code of Civil Procedure section 10858 is a method for compelling a public entity to perform a legal and usually ministerial duty. Klajic v. Castaic Lake Water Agency (2001) 90 Cal. App. 4th 987, 995. The Court reviews an administrative action, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1085, to determine whether the agency's action was arbitrary, capricious, or entirely lacking in evidentiary support, contrary to established public policy, unlawful, procedurally unfair, or whether the agency failed to follow the procedure and give the notices the law requires. <u>Id.</u>

A record owner, or "[a]ny person who can demonstrate a legal right, interest, or entitlement to the use of the real property subject to the application" may submit an application for a permit. SDMC 112.0102. Plaintiff argues that the City has a ministerial duty to process the CUP Application with Petitioner as the sole applicant; however, Petitioner cannot demonstrate that he was the only person who possessed the right to use the subject property. Whether someone other than the "record owner" possesses a valid

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TENTATIVE RULINGS

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CASE TITLE: COTTON VS CITY OF SAN DIEGO CASE NUMBER: 37-2017-00037675-CU-WM-CTL [IMAGED]

right to apply for and obtain the CUP is disputed. Evidence exists demonstrating an agreement for the purchase and sale of the subject property, which could confer a legal right and entitlement to the use of the property.

In addition, Plaintiff has not exhausted his administrative remedy by submitting his own separate CUP application. He cannot be recognized as the "sole applicant" (see Petition at page 10, line 5) when he has not, in fact, submitted a separate application. The City may very well have a ministerial duty to accept and process Petitioner's CUP application in lieu of any competing application, but this duty does not arise in the absence of the filing of such an application.

The Motion (ROA # 94, 95) of Plaintiff and Cross-Defendant LARRY GERACI and Cross-Defendant REBECCA BERRY ("Cross-Defendants") to (1) compel the deposition of Defendant and Cross-Complainant DARRYL COTTON ("Defendant"), and (2) continue the January 25, 2018, hearing on Defendant's Motion for a preliminary injunction, is GRANTED IN PART AND DENIED IN PART.

The Motion to compel Defendant to submit to a deposition is GRANTED. Defendant shall submit to a deposition within twenty (20) days of the hearing of this Motion.

The Motion to continue the hearing of Defendant's Motion for a preliminary injunction, is DENIED.

Defendant and Cross-Complainant DARRYL COTTON'S Motion for a preliminary injunction is DENIED.

The Court initially notes that its December 7, 2017 order denying the ex parte application for a TRO and setting this hearing (ROA # 72) invited the filing of moving and opposition papers. However, no additional papers were filed. As a result, this ruling is premised on the briefing and evidence presented to the Court prior to the ex parte hearing.

The Court considers two interrelated questions in deciding whether to issue a preliminary injunction: (1) is Plaintiff likely to suffer greater injury from a denial of the injunction than Defendant is likely to suffer from its grant; and (2) is there a reasonable probability that Plaintiff will prevail on the merits. Robbins v. Superior Court (1985) 38 Cal.3d 199, 206; Code Civ. Proc. 526(a). The Court's determination must be guided by a "mix" of the potential-merit and interim-harm factors. Butt v. State of California (1992) 4 Cal. 4th 668, 678. A preliminary injunction is appropriate when pecuniary compensation would not afford adequate relief; or where it would be extremely difficult to ascertain the amount of compensation which would afford adequate relief. Code Civ. Proc. 526(a). The burden is on the moving party to show all elements necessary to support issuance of a preliminary injunction. O'Connell v. Superior Court (2006) 141 Cal. App. 4th 1452, 1481. A preliminary injunction amounts to a mere interlocutory order to maintain the status quo pending a determination of the action on its merits. Varian Medical Systems, Inc. v. Delfino (2005) 35 Cal. 4th 180, 191.

Regarding the probability of prevailing, a record owner, or "[a]ny person who can demonstrate a legal right, interest, or entitlement to the use of the real property subject to the application" may submit an application for a permit. SDMC §112.0102. Defendant and Cross-Complainant Cotton argues that the City must process the CUP Application with him as the sole applicant. However, disputed evidence exists suggesting that Cotton was not the only person who possesses the right to use the subject property. Whether someone other than the "record owner" possesses a valid right to apply for and obtain the CUP is disputed. Evidence exists demonstrating an agreement for the purchase and sale of

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TENTATIVE RULINGS

Calendar No.:

CASE TITLE: COTTON VS CITY OF SAN DIEGO CASE NUMBER: 37-2017-00037675-CU-WM-CTL [IMAGED]

the subject property, which could confer a legal right and entitlement to the use of the property.

In addition, Defendant and Cross-Complainant Cotton is not likely to prevail because the evidence demonstrates that he has not submitted his own separate and competing CUP application. He cannot be recognized as the sole applicant when he has not, in fact, submitted an application. A determination regarding the City's obligation to accept and process Cotton's CUP application in lieu of any competing application cannot be made in the absence of the filing of such an application.

Finally, Defendant and Cross-Complainant Cotton is unlikely to sustain irreparable harm because pecuniary compensation would afford adequate relief. Plaintiff can prosecute a claim premised on the lost revenue from operation of a medical marijuana dispensary. Although calculating such revenue may be somewhat complicated and require an expert opinion, this is far from an impossible task.

Event ID: 1897564 TENTATIVE RULINGS Calendar No.:

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CENTRAL DIVISION **FERRIS & BRITTON** 1 A Professional Corporation Michael R. Weinstein (SBN 106464) Scott H. Toothacre (SBN 146530) 2 2018 JAN 26 P 2: 54 501 West Broadway, Suite 1450 3 San Diego, California 92101 CLERK-SUPERIOR COURT Telephone: (619) 233-3131 Fax: (619) 232-9316 4 SAN DIEGO COUNTY. CA mweinstein@ferrisbritton.com 5 stoothacre@ferrisbritton.com 6 AUSTIN LEGAL GROUP, APC 3990 Old Town Ave., Ste. A112 San Diego, CA 92110 7 8 Telephone: (619) 924-9600 Fax: (619) 881-0045 9 gaustin@austinlegalgroup.com 10 Attorneys for Real Parties in Interest LARRY GERACI and REBECCA BERRY 11 12 SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA 13 COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, CENTRAL DIVISION 14 DARRYL COTTON, an individual, Case No. 37-2017-00037675-CU-WM-CTL Petitioner/Plaintiff, 15 Hon. Joel R. Wohlfeil Judge: 16 PROOF OF SERVICE v. 17 CITY OF SAN DIEGO, a public entity; and [IMAGED FILE] DOES 1 through 25, 18 Petition Filed: October 6, 2017 Respondents/Defendants. 19 20 REBECCA BERRY, an individual; LARRY GERACI, an individual, and ROES 1 through 21 25, 22 Real Parties In Interest. 23 24 25 26 27 28

PROOF OF SERVICE